## SUPPORTING INFORMATION Novel amphiphilic block-copolymer forming stable micelles and interpolyelectrolyte complexes with DNA for efficient gene delivery

Zeliha Guler Gokce<sup>1,2</sup>, Semra Zuhal Birol<sup>1</sup>, Nataliya Mitina<sup>3</sup>, Khrystyna Harhay<sup>3</sup>, Nataliya Finiuk<sup>4</sup>, Valentina Glasunova<sup>5</sup>, Rostyslav Stoika<sup>4</sup>, Sebnem Ercelen<sup>1\*</sup>, Alexander Zaichenko<sup>3\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Center Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology Institute, TUBITAK Marmara Research, Gebze 41470, Kocaeli, Turkey

<sup>2</sup> Department of Nano Science and Nano Engineering Istanbul Technical University, Maslak, 34469, Istanbul, Turkey

<sup>3</sup> Department of Organic Chemistry, Lviv Polytechnic National University, Lviv 79013, Ukraine

<sup>4</sup> Department of Regulation of Cell Proliferation, Institute of Cell Biology National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, Lviv 79005, Ukraine

<sup>5</sup> Department of Physical Materials, Donetsk O. O. Galkin Institute of Physics and Engineering National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, Donetsk 03680, Ukraine

\*Corresponding author: Dr. Alexander Zaichenko; Lviv Polytechnic National University, S. Bandery 12, 79013 Lviv, Ukraine (E-mail address: zaichenk@polynet.lviv.ua, Phone: +38 032 2582390) and Dr. Sebnem Ercelen TUBITAK Marmara Research Center Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology Institute, Gebze 21 41470, Kocaeli, Turkey (E-mail address: sebnem.ercelen@tubitak.gov.tr, Phone: +90 262 6773310).



**FIGURE S1.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of pDMAEMA-MP (left) and pDMAEMA-*block*-poly(NVP-*co*-BA-*co*-AEM) (right).



**FIGURE S2.** Molecular weight distribution of polymers pDMAEMA-MP (1) and pDMAEMA-*block*-poly(NVP-*co*-BA-*c*o-AEM)(2-4) : BP81-1(2); BP82-1(3); BP83-1(4);.



**FIGURE S3.** Fluorescence emission spectra of Nile Red at different concentrations of the block copolymer BP83-1 (a) and the results of determination of the CMC<sub>1</sub> value of the BP83-1: fluorescence intensity (1) and emission wavelength maximum (2) at increasing concentrations of the BP83-1 (0–500  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup>) (b).



**FIGURE S4.** Dependence of the hydrodynamic diameter of micelles formed by the poly(DMAEMA)-MP (1,2), BP 83-1 (5,6)) and polyplexes poly(DMAEMA)-MP/DNA (3,4) and BP 83-1/DNA (7,8)) on time. [pDMAEMA-MP]=1,000  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup>(1); 10,000  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup> (2) and [BP 83-1]=400  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup>(5); 1,000  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup> (6); [pDMAEMA-MP/DNA]=100/1,000  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup>(3); 1,000/1,000  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup>(4) and [BP 83-1/DNA]=100/1,000  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup>(7); 1,000/1,000  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup> (8).



**FIGURE S5.** Surface tension isotherms of the solutions of pDMAEMA-MP (1) and poly(DMAEMA)*block*-poly(NVP-*co*-BA-*co*-AEM) with molecular weight of copolymer blocks:  $2 - M_n=11$  kDa (BP83-1);  $3 - M_n=8.2$  kDa (BP82-1);  $4 - M_n=6.7$  kDa (BP81-1).



**FIGURE S6.** Fluorescence emission spectra of YOYO-1 labeled DNA complexed with BP83-1. BP83-1/DNA complexes were formed at BP83-1 concentrations in between 7.5  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup> –75  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup> and 1 mg of DNA in 20 mM MES buffer at pH 7.0. JetPEI/DNA complex was formed with 1 mg of DNA as a control. Free YOYO-1-labeled DNA is marked as 1. The molar ratio of DNA and YOYO-1 was 50:1. The excitation wavelength was 480 nm.



**FIGURE S7.** AFM images of the BP83-1/DNA complexes that were formed by the BP83-1 at its increasing concentrations 7.5 µg·mL<sup>-1</sup> (A), 15 µg·mL<sup>-1</sup> (B), 30 µg·mL<sup>-1</sup> (C), 45 µg·mL<sup>-1</sup> (D) and 75 µg·mL<sup>-1</sup> (E).



**FIGURE S8.** Results of gel retardation assay of the PNC (PDMAEMA-MP (A) or BP83-1(B)) and plasmid pEGFP c-1 complexes at electrophoresis in 1% agarose gel. Lines  $1 - 10 \text{ mg} \cdot \text{mL}^{-1} + \text{pDNA}$ ;  $2 - 1 \text{ mg} \cdot \text{mL}^{-1} + \text{pDNA}$ ;  $3 - 100 \mu\text{g} \cdot \text{mL}^{-1} + \text{pDNA}$ ;  $4 - 10 \mu\text{g} \cdot \text{mL}^{-1} + \text{pDNA}$ ; 5 - intact pDNA (black border indicates the complex of PNC/pDNA) (A, B); as well as complex of plasmid DNA with PNC (PDMAEMA-MP (lines 4-6) or BP83-1 (lines 7-9)) (100  $\mu\text{g} \cdot \text{mL}^{-1}$ ) was treated for 3.5 h with the DNase I in different concentrations: lane 1 - pDNA; 2 - pDNA incubated with DNase I at 0.05 U· $\mu\text{g}^{-1}$  DNA; 3 - pDNA incubated with DNase I at 0.5 U· $\mu\text{g}^{-1}$  DNA; 4,7 - PNC/pDNA complex incubated with DNase I at 0.5 U· $\mu\text{g}^{-1}$  DNA; 6,9 - PNC/pDNA complex (C).



**FIGURE S9.** Cytotoxicity of PEI and PNC (PDMAEMA-MP and BP83-1) towards *HeLa, MCF-7* and *HEK293T* cells. The cytotoxicity of carriers was evaluated by the MTT assay.  $* - P \le 0.05$ ;  $** - P \le 0.01$ ;  $*** - P \le 0.001$  (difference compared with the non-treated cells).



FIGURE S10. Interaction of the BP83-1/DNA complexes with DMPC (*left*) and DMPG (*right*) model lipid vesicles.