

Addendum. To the paper "Purification of folate binding factor in normal umbilical cord serum" by Barton A. Kamen and J. Douglas Caston, which appeared in the November 1975 issue of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 72, 4261–4264, the following note is added.

The method for dissociation of endogenous bound folate from the natural folate–binder complex was essentially that used initially in the isolation and characterization of folate binder from hog kidney (1, 2) and subsequently employed in the discovery of a folate–binder complex in serum (3). It is a modification of an approach used to dissociate the synthetically produced folate–binder complex with the binder found in bovine milk, which was shown by Ford *et al.* (4) to have a strong pH dependency for association–dissociation equilibrium.

1. Kamen, B. A. & Caston, J. D. (1974) *J. Lab. Clin. Med.* 83, 164–171.
2. Kamen, B. A. & Caston, J. D. (1975) *J. Biol. Chem.* 250, 2203–2205.
3. Colman, N. & Herbert, V. (1974) *Clin. Res.* 22, 700A.
4. Ford, J. E., Salter, D. N. & Scott, K. J. (1969) *J. Dairy Res.* 36, 435–466.

Correction. In the article "Affinity of myosin S-1 for F-actin, measured by time-resolved fluorescence anisotropy" by Stefan Highsmith, Robert A. Mendelson, and Manuel F. Morales published in the January issue of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 73, 133–137, the authors have requested the following changes. On page 136 in Table 2 the association constant and inverted standard error obtained by S. Marston and A. Weber (ref. 3) was incorrectly quoted as $(1.4 \pm 6) \times 10^7 \text{ M}^{-1}$ at 0.12 M KCl, and should be $(1.4 \pm 0.12) \times 10^7 \text{ M}^{-1}$ at 0.14 M KCl.

Correction. In the article "Antigen stimulation of prostaglandin synthesis and control of immune responses" by D. R. Webb and P. L. Osheroff, which appeared in the April 1976 issue of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 73, 1300–1304, the authors have requested the following change. On p. 1301, the first line of the second column should read "... Ro 20-5720, an irreversible inhibitor, . . ."

Correction. In the article "A relativistic spherical vortex" by C. L. Pekeris, which appeared in the March 1976 issue of the *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 73, 687–691, the author has requested the following changes. On page 690, at the top of the left-hand column, the expressions $[1 + 2\eta S(r) \sin^2 \theta]^{1/2}$ in the relativistic solutions should be replaced by $[1 + 2\eta^2 S(r) \sin^2 \theta]^{1/2}$, and the last term should read $F(\Psi) = \Psi + (1/2)\eta\Psi^2$.

In Eq. 44, an editorial error was made. The correct equation is:

$$p(0) = p(a) - 2c^2\mu_0\eta^2K^2 \geq p(a) - (1/2)c^2\mu_0 \quad [44]$$

In Eqs. 45 and A6, printer's errors were made. The correct equations are:

$$\mu = c^{-2}p(a) + \mu_0[1 + \eta F - (1/2)v^2(1 + 2\eta F)] \quad [45]$$

$$F = -(3/2)a^2V \sin^2 \theta \{ (r^2/a^2) - [j_1(\beta r/j_1(\lambda))]/\{2 - [\lambda j_1(\lambda)/j_1(\lambda)]\} \} \quad [A6]$$

Correction. In the article "Intramolecular crosslinking of tropomyosin via disulfide bond formation: Evidence for chain register" by Sherwin S. Lehrer, which appeared in the September 1975 issue of the *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 72, 3377–3381, the author has requested the following changes. On page 3380, lines 10 and 11 in the right-hand column should read, "A mixture only of $\alpha\alpha$ and $\alpha\beta$ chains would, . . ." On the same page, lines 17 and 18 in the right-hand column should read, "For the $\alpha\alpha$, $\alpha\beta$ model the ratios would be (0.5, 0.5) and (0.6, 0.4) for $\alpha/\beta = 3$ and 4, respectively."

Correction. In the article "Determination of the number of superhelical turns in simian virus 40 DNA by gel electrophoresis" by W. Keller, which appeared in the December 1975 issue of *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 72, 4876–4880, the author has requested the following change. On page 4879, in the sentence beginning on the tenth line of the right column, the two minus signs should be deleted. The corrected sentence is "For SV40 DNA this amounts to a reduction of τ by $0.62 \cdot 5200/360 = 9$ turns."