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Lieb-Robinson Bounds for Multi-Commutators and Applications to Response Theory



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# Contents

1	Intr	oauction	1	
2	2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6	Emergence of Quantum Mechanics  Emergence of Quantum Mechanics  Schrödinger Picture of Quantum Mechanics (S1)  Heisenberg Picture of Quantum Mechanics (H2)  Non-autonomous Quantum Dynamics.  Algebraic Formulation of Quantum Mechanics (H1–S2)  Representation Theory – The Importance of the Algebraic  Approach for Infinite Systems	55 66 77 88 10	
3	Algebraic Setting for Interacting Fermions on the Lattice			
	3.1	Single Quantum Particle on Lattices	17	
	3.2	Quantum Many–Body Systems on Lattices	19	
	3.3	Fermion Fock Spaces	21	
	3.4	Creation/Annihilation Operators	23	
	3.5	The Lattice CAR C*-Algebra	25	
	3.6	Lattice Fermi Versus Quantum Spin Systems	29	
4	Lieb-Robinson Bounds for Multi-commutators			
	4.1	Interactions and Finite-Volume Dynamics	31	
	4.2	Banach Spaces of Short–Range Interactions	33	
	4.3	Existence of Dynamics and Lieb–Robinson Bounds	34	
	4.4	Lieb-Robinson Bounds for Multi-commutators	43	
	4.5	Application to Perturbed Autonomous Dynamics	52	
5	Lieb	p-Robinson Bounds for Non-autonomous Dynamics	63	
	5.1	Existence of Non-autonomous Dynamics	63	
	5.2	Lieb-Robinson Bounds for Multi-commutators	69	
	5.3	Application to Response Theory	79	

vi Contents

6	Applications to Conductivity Measures		
	6.1	Charged Transport Properties in Mathematics	89
	6.2	Interacting Fermions in Disordered Media	91
	6.3	Paramagnetic Conductivity	93
	6.4	2nd Law of Thermodynamics and Equilibrium States	94
	6.5	Macroscopic Paramagnetic Conductivity	95
	6.6	AC–Conductivity Measure	99
Re	eferen	ices	103
In	dex .		107

### **Abstract**

We generalize to multi-commutators the usual Lieb-Robinson bounds for commutators. In the spirit of constructive OFT, this is done so as to allow the use of combinatorics of minimally connected graphs (tree expansions) in order to estimate time-dependent multi-commutators for interacting fermions. Lieb-Robinson bounds for multi-commutators are effective mathematical tools to handle analytic aspects of the dynamics of quantum particles with interactions which are non-vanishing in the whole space and possibly time-dependent. To illustrate this, we prove that the bounds for multi-commutators of order three yield existence of fundamental solutions for the corresponding non-autonomous initial value problems for observables of interacting fermions on lattices. We further show how bounds for multi-commutators of an order higher than two can be used to study linear and non-linear responses of interacting fermions to external perturbations. All results also apply to quantum spin systems, with obvious modifications. However, we only explain the fermionic case in detail, in view of applications to microscopic quantum theory of electrical conduction discussed here and because this case is technically more involved.