STRATEGIES FOR HEALTH CARE FINANCE IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

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STRATEGIES FOR HEALTH CARE FINANCE IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

with a focus on community financing in Sub-Saharan Africa

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Softcover reprint of the hardcover 1st edition 1992 978-0-333-51945-5

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First published 1992 by THE MACMILLAN PRESS LTD Houndmills, Basingstoke, Hampshire RG21 2XS and London Companies and representatives throughout the world

ISBN 978-0-333-51946-2 ISBN 978-1-349-22396-1 (eBook) DOI 10.1007/978-1-349-22396-1

A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library.

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Preface

During the last decade, health care finance in developing countries has become an important subject of scientific reflection and debate. One of the main reasons is that quite a number of developing countries, especially those of Sub-Saharan Africa, experienced a long-term economic decline, and hence found it increasingly difficult to allocate sufficient funds to the public health sector. However, apart from these financial difficulties, it also became increasingly apparent that governments, again mostly those of the poorest countries, continued to lack the administrative capacities to engage in effective nationwide health care financing.

As an answer to constraints on spending in the public health sector, and to mobilize resources other than those of the government, cost recovery schemes were established in various countries. One particular form of cost recovery is community financing, involving the financial participation of well-defined communities, such as the population of a city or of a rural district. In principle, community financing also supposes some population participation in the management of a scheme. However, community financing schemes are not shaped according to one particular model. In some, the population pays directly for medicines; in others, the population participates via a fee-for-service or a prepayment system. In some, the central government still finances part of recurrent costs; others have complete financial autonomy. Some community financing schemes organize the financing of primary health care, while others focus upon hospital care only.

The purpose of this book is to help to clarify the current and potential role of community financing methods in the securing of resources for health, especially in Sub-Saharan Africa. The book also identifies why, in specific settings, community financing was judged to be a suitable way of financing health care. Given this emphasis the book finds a very natural home in the series concerned with Economic Issues in Health Care, where change is the key theme. The first part of the book begins with a reflection on the current state of health in developing countries (Chapter 1). We also review the various influences on health status and provide an initial discussion of the financing of health determinants. In Chapter 2, we present and analyse a simple model of the linkages between the functioning of the health sector and that of the economy at large. We discuss in Chapter 3 the various possibilities of coping with the constraints on public health development in developing countries. In this chapter, alternative methods of health care finance are also studied. We also identify the specific reasons why it may be rational for well-defined populations to engage in community financing.We provide a detailed economic analysis of community financing in Chapter 4. This last chapter also discusses how the criteria of economic efficiency, administrative efficiency and equity can be used when evaluating community financing schemes in practice.

In the second part of the book, case studies of community financing schemes are presented and analysed. We study the system of direct payment for drugs in Fianga (Chad) in Chapter 5. In Chapters 6 to 8, respectively, the fee-for-service systems in Rwanda, Kita (Mali) and Pikine (Senegal) are presented. Chapter 9 focuses on the prepayment scheme for hospital care in Bwamanda (Zaire). One of the main objectives of the case studies is to learn how schemes came into being and how they currently operate. Furthermore, each scheme is evaluated using the criteria of efficiency and equity defined earlier in Chapter 4. We also reflect upon the possible direction each scheme may take in the future. In the last chapter overall lessons from the five case studies and from a selected number of other community financing schemes are presented.

Preliminary research for this book was started while I was on leave from the University of Antwerp in 1985–86 and serving as a Takemi Fellow in International Health at the Harvard School of Public Health. I am grateful to Professors David Bell, William Hsiao, Michael and Don Shepard of Harvard University, as well as to my Takemi colleagues Mitsuru Fujii, Uriel Kitron, El Fateh El-Samani, Sam Samarasinghe and Tomas Uribe for many suggestions and critical remarks on earlier research papers in the field of health financing. Over the years, I became involved in applied health economics analysis of financing schemes in Sub-Saharan Africa. This has led to the series of case studies in this book. The case study on health financing in Rwanda also appeared, but in another format, in the book *Health Economics Research in Developing Countries* edited by Ken Lee and Ann Mills. The Bwamanda prepayment scheme was also discussed by F. Moens in last year's volume of *Social Science and Medicine*.

Various chapters have been used as background papers for a series of lectures I have been giving at the Boston University School of Public Health since 1987. These lectures are part of a course on Financing Health Care in Developing Countries, organized by the Office of Special

Preface

Projects of Boston University's School of Public Health. I thank in particular the Course Director Professor William Bicknell and Assistant Directors Sarah Degnan, Michael Devlin and Michael Trisolini for providing me each time with a stimulating work environment. Many participants on these courses commented on earlier versions of the book and gave advice enabling me to apply health economics concepts better to the reality of the third world. Among my former students, I would like to cite especially Miaka Mia Belenge, Sabri Belgacem, Somsak Chunharas, Mahamane Kalil Maiga, Olusegun Oshin and Martin van Zijl for their interest.

The financial support of the Interuniversitair College voor Managementwetenschappen (ICM, Brussels), the University of Antwerp (UFSIA) and the Takemi Program in International Health of the Harvard School of Public Health in the early stages of the research is gratefully acknowledged. Various organizations co-financed the empirical research that constitutes the second part of this book: Médecins sans Frontières (Chapter 5), United States Agency of International Development and the World Bank (Chapter 6), Medicus Mundi Belgium and the Belgian Agency for Development Cooperation (Chapters 7 and 8). Dr. Claude Bourlard of Medicus Mundi is thanked for his fruitful collaboration while preparing the field studies in Pikine and Kita.

I owe a special debt to the Belgian Francqui Foundation for its financial support during the preparation of the final manuscript. I would like to mention especially the contribution of Marc Vereecke to this book. He provided very capable research assistance and helped to shape the book. Thanks also to Leo Devillé, Kodjo Evlo and Alejandro Herrin who provided useful ideas and critical comments. Last but not least, the Series Editors proved stimulating critics and gave very valuable advice throughout the preparation of the manuscript. At present, I am a staff member of the World Health Organization (Geneva). However, this organization is not responsible for the views expressed in this book.

Geneva, 1991

G.C.

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