## A Highly Stereocontrolled Total Synthesis of (–)-Neodysiherbaine A

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General Experimental. All reactions were performed under argon atmosphere, except for DDQ oxidation of 19 and NaIO<sub>4</sub> oxidation of 28. All extracts were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated by rotary evaporation below 30 °C at 25 Toor unless otherwise noted. Commercial reagents and solvents were used as supplied with following exceptions. Dichloromethane (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), triethylamine (Et<sub>3</sub>N), dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO),  $N_{1}N_{2}$ dimethylformamide (DMF), *N*,*N*-dimethylacetoamide (DMA), N,N,N,N',N',N'hexamethylphosphoramide (HMPA), benzene, acetonitrile (MeCN) were distilled from CaH<sub>2</sub>. Methanol (MeOH) was distilled from sodium. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using glass-packed silica gel plates (0.2 mm thickness). Column chromatography was performed using silica gel (particle size 100-210 µ). Optical rotations were recorded on a digital polarimeter at ambient temperature. Infrared spectra were measured on a Fourier transform infrared spectrometer. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 and 500 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz) spectra were measured using CDCl<sub>3</sub>, CD<sub>3</sub>OD, or D<sub>2</sub>O as solvent, and chemical shifts are reported as  $\delta$  values in ppm based on internal CHCl<sub>3</sub> (7.26 ppm, <sup>1</sup>H; 77.0 ppm, <sup>13</sup>C), H<sub>2</sub>O (4.65 ppm, <sup>1</sup>H), or MeOH (49.9 ppm, <sup>13</sup>C). HRMS spectra were taken in EI or FAB mode.

## (3aR,6R,7R,7aR)-Tetrahydro-(7-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy-2,2-dimethyl-3aH-

**[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-c]pyran-6-yl)methanol (14).** To a stirred solution of tri-*O*-acetyl-D-glucal (9) (71 g, 261 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (600 ml) at 0 °C were added triethylsilane (73 g, 522 mmol) and BF<sub>3</sub>·OEt<sub>2</sub> (54 g, 470 mmol). After stirring at 0 °C for 2 h, the reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (300 ml). The reaction mixture was extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub>, washed with brine and concentrated to give ((2*R*,3*S*)-3,6-dihydro-3-acetoxy-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)methyl acetate (60 g) as a colorless oil, which was used for the next reaction without purification.

Crude ((2R,3S)-3,6-dihydro-3-acetoxy-2*H*-pyran-2-yl)methyl acetate (60 g) was dissolved into MeOH (300ml) and NaOMe (4.2g, 78.3 mmol) was added. After being stirred for 2 h at room temperature, the reaction mixture was neutralized with Dowex 50, filtrated, and evaporated to give **10** (40 g) as a colorless solid, which was used for the next reaction without purification.

Crude **10** (40 g) was dissolved into DMF (300 ml), and the mixture was cooled to 0 °C. Imidazole (106 g, 1570 mmol) and *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl chloride (100g, 666 mmol) were added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 h. MeOH (20 ml) was added and the mixture was stirred for 10 mim. The reaction mixture was diluted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed with water and brine, and concentrated to give **11** (96 g) as a pale yellow oil, which was used for the next reaction without purification. Pure **11**, a colorless oil, obtained by silica gel column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt = 10/1-4/1) showed the following spectral and analytical data:  $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$  +53.7° (*c* 1.20, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); FTIR (neat) 2939, 2858, 1462, 1251, 1089 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.76 (dd, *J* = 2.0, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (m, 3H), 3.89 (dd, *J* = 2.0, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (dd, *J* = 4.4, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 0.91 (s, 9H), 0.90 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 3H), 0.10 (s, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  129.3, 127.0, 79.9, 65.5, 64.9, 63.4, 26.1, 25.8, 18.6, 18.0, -4.1, -4.7, -5.0, -5.1; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 358.2360, found 358.2347.

Crude **11** (96 g) was dissolved into acetone (522 ml) and water (130 ml). *N*-methylmolpholine oxide (NMO) (61 g, 522 mmol) and  $OsO_4$  (1.5 M in water, 8.7 ml, 1.35 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred for 15 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed with 10% Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, water, and brine, dried, concentrated, and filtrated thorough SiO<sub>2</sub> (500 g) with hexane/EtOAc (3:1) to give **12** (90 g) as a pale yellow solid, which was used for the next reaction without purification. Pure **12**, a colorless solid, obtained by silica gel column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt = 4/1-2/1) showed the following spectral and analytical data:  $[\alpha]^{24}_{D} + 2.8^{\circ}$  (*c* 1.34, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); FTIR (neat) 3428, 2942, 2859, 1463,

1251, 1103 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  4.00 (dd, J = 2.2, 12.4 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (dd, J = 2.0, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (m, 1H), 3.75 (dd, J = 4.9, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (dd, J = 1.0, 12.4 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (td, J = 9.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.10 (ddd, J = 2.0, 4.9, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H, exchangeable with D<sub>2</sub>O), 2.19 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H, exchangeable with D<sub>2</sub>O), 0.40 (s, 18H), 0.16 (s, 3H), 0.11 (s, 3H), 0.08 (s, 3H), 0.07 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  81.8, 75.3, 69.9, 69.8, 62.8, 26.0, 18.5, 18.3, -3.9, -4.8, -5.0, -5.2; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>37</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>] 377.2180, found 377.2173.

To an ice-cooled solution of crude **12** (90 g) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (500 ml) were added 2,2dimetoxypropane (72 g, 690 mmol) and *p*-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (2.2 g, 11.5 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 4 h. After disappearance of **12** on TLC, MeOH (11g, 345 mmol) was added and stirring was continued at room temperature for 10 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, washed with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and brine, and concentrated. Recrystallization of the residue from hexane and column chromatography (SiO<sub>2</sub> 400g, hexane/AcOEt = 8/1) of the mother liqor gave **14** (45.0 g, 54 % from **9**):  $[\alpha]_{D}^{25}$  -40.9° (*c* 1.92, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); FTIR (neat) 3460, 2943, 2860, 1458, 1378, 1315, 1249, 1134 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  4.25 (d, *J* = 13.4 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (dd, *J* = 6.2, 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.96 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz 1H), 3.84 (dd, *J* = 2.9, 11.7 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (dd, *J* = 2.2, 13.4 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (dd, *J* = 6.36, 11.7 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (dd, *J* = 6.2, 9.5 Hz), 3.11 (ddd, *J* = 3.0, 6.4, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 2.08 (brs, 1H), 1.52 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 0.87 (s, 9H), 0.15 (s, 3H), 0.82 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  109.2, 79.7, 79.5, 74.0, 71.3, 66.6, 62.7, 28.1, 26.4, 25.9, 18.1, -4.0, -5.1; HRMS (FAB) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>3</sub>O<sub>5</sub>Si [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>] 319.1941, found 319.1950.











160.0 120.0 110.0 100.0 90.0 80.0 70.0 60.0 50.0 40.0



HO. PMBO-<sup>1</sup>H NMR(400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)





PPM 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0

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HO TESO <sup>1</sup>H NMR(400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6.38 5.25 3.35 3.01 98 1.86 5 1.00 1.08 1.04 0.97 PPM 4 0 T 3 2 1 HO TESO 77.322 77.000 76.66 75.325 75.325 73.444 73.444 77.361.310 67.101 61.013 27.800 43.103 6.921 5.065 4.842 <sup>13</sup>C NMR(100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) IP



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